Gross generation in Million (Mus)

RAPS	MAPS	TAPS	TOTAL
12363	4992	32326	49687

(c) The present costs of generation (Paise per KwH) from various power stations are as follows:

RAPS	MAPS	TAPS
41.14	49.37	43.47
Due for revision from 1.4.1987)		41

(d) As per current plans, it is proposed to instoll additional capacity of about 8800 MWe of nuclear power, thus bringing the total installed capacity to 10,000 MWe by the turn of the Century.

Implementation of 20-Point Programme in Tamil Nadu

1488. SHRI K. V. THANGKABALU: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) the amount utilised by the Government of Tamil Nadu out of the amount allotted to that State during the last three years for implementation of 20-Point Programme;

(b) whether any review was conducted by the Union Government or, by any agency regarding implementation of the Programme at the village level during the period; and

(c) if so, the details thereof and the performance of Tamil Nadu Government in comparision to other States during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND THE MINISTER OF PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION (SHRI MADHAVSINH SOLANKI): (a) The amount allocated in the State Plan and the amount utilised by the Government of Tamil Nadu during the last three years for implementation of 20-Point Programme are given below:

Years	Allocation	Utilisation
1985-86	607.92	606.38
1986-87	754.63	69.56
1987-88	477.82	—— 532.43 Provisional

(b) and (c) No review has been conducted by the Union Government regarding implementation of Programme at the village level. However, on the basis of State-wise reviews, a statement indicating the rank secured by Tamil Nadu in comparison to other States during the last three years is enclosed.

Statement

Implementation of 20-point Programme-Ranking of States

Sl. No.	State	1985-86	1886-87	1987-88
1	Punjab	1	1	1
2	Uttar Pradesh	1	1	1
3	Maharashtra	5	1	3
4	Orissa	14	14	3
5	Gujarat	5	11	5
6	Tamil Nadu	4	9	5
7	Karnataka	11	1	7
8	Kerala	19	20	7
9	Rajasthan	1	8	
10	Himachal Pradesh	8	1	10
11	Madhya Pradesh	11	1	10
12	Bihar	16	15	12
13	Sikkim	8	1	12
14	Goa *	..	..	14
15	Andhra Pradesh	10	10	15

1	2	3	4	5
16	West Bengal	18	19	16
17	Arunachal Pradesh **.	..	24	17
18	Tripura	10	16	18
19	Haryana	5	11	19
20	Meghalaya	17	16	19
21	Assam	22	23	21
22	Jammu & Kashmir	21	24	22
23	Manipur	14	13	22
24	Mizoram**	..	18	24
25	Nagaland	20	22	25

*Attained Statehood in 1987.

**Attained Statehood in 1986.

Six day week in the Central Government Offices

1489. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are proposing to revert to six day week due to rise in public holidays; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof and if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) and (b) The 5-day-week system was introduced in the civil administrative offices since June, 1985 in consultation with the staff representatives under the JCM Scheme. The system has generally been well accepted and there is no proposal to revert to the six day week.

Village Health Guide Scheme in Rajasthan

1490. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Village Health Scheme is not being implemented fully in Rajasthan and many villages there are not having this facility;

(b) whether Government have received any complaints in this regard and if so, the number thereof; district-wise; and

(c) the steps being taken to implement the scheme fully?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) According to the information received from the State Government 6415 Anganwadi workers have been trained a Village Health Guides since January, 1987 and according to the latest position